## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A m	ethod of treating an aneurysm, comprising the steps of:	
2 .	providing a	device having a cover and a lateral extension, the cover and	
3	extension being movable fr	om a collapsed position to an expanded position;	
4	advancing th	ne device through a patient's vascular system to an aneurysm with	
5	the cover in the collapsed p	osition;	
6	moving the	lateral extension into the neck of the aneurysm and the cover over	
7	the neck of the aneurysm to	the neck of the aneurysm to isolate the aneurysm from the parental vessel.	
1	2. The	method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the providing	g step is carried out with the cover being a substantially flat	
3	element; and		
4	the moving	step is carried out with the cover being positioned against a wall of	
5	the parental vessel around t	he neck of the aneurysm.	
1	3. The	method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the moving	step is carried out with the lateral extension extending laterally	
3	outward from a side of the device.		
1	4. The	method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the providing	g step is carried out with the lateral extension forming at least one	
3	loop extending into the aneurysm.		
1	5. The	method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the providing	g step is carried out with the lateral extension forming 1-8 loops.	
1	6. The	method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the providing	g step is carried out with the cover extending around no more than	
3	half the circumference of the	half the circumference of the vessel.	
1	7. The	method of claim 1, wherein:	
2	the providing	g step is carried out with the cover extending around no more than	
3	one third the circumference	of the vessel	

1		8.	The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
2		coupli	ing at least the lateral extension to a source of energy; and
3		delive	ring the energy to the lateral extension after the introducing step.
1		9.	The method of claim 8, wherein:
2		the co	upling and delivering steps are carried out with the source of energy
3	being RF ener	gy.	
1		10.	The method of claim 1, wherein:
2		the pr	oviding step is carried out with the cover being wrapped around the
3	expandable ele	ement.	
1		11.	The method of claim 10, wherein:
2		the pr	oviding step is carried out with the cover being wrapped around the
3	expandable ele	ement	without overlapping folds.
1		12.	A device for treating an aneurysm, comprising:
2	,	12.	a cover which covers the neck of the aneurysm to isolate the aneurysm
3	from a parenta	al vesse	•
4	arom a parome	a lateral extension coupled to the cover, the lateral extension extending from	
5	the cover and into the aneurysm when the cover is positioned over the neck of the aneurysm.		
			and the cover is positioned over the neek of the alleurysin.
1		13.	The device of claim 12, further comprising:
2		the co	ver comprises a mesh; and
3		the lat	eral extension comprises a loop.
1		14.	The method of claim 12, wherein:
2		the co	ver is a substantially flat element which is positioned against a wall of
3	the parental vessel around the neck of the aneurysm when the lateral extension is positioned		
4	in the aneurysm.		
1		15.	The device of claim 12, wherein:
2		the lat	teral extension forms 1-8 loops.
1		16.	The device of claim 12, wherein:

2	t	e providing step is carried out with the lateral extension forming only one
3	loop.	
i	1	7. The device of claim 12, wherein:
2	t	e loop has a first side attached to the cover.
1	1	B. The device of claim 12, wherein:
2	t	e loop is slidable relative to the cover when the loop expands.
1	. 1	The device of claim 12, wherein:
2	t	e cover extends no more than about 180 degrees around a longitudinal axis
3		en expanded so that side branch vessels are not occluded by the cover.
1	2	The device of claim 12, wherein:
2	t	e cover extends no more than about 120 degrees around the longitudinal axis
3	when expanded so that side branch vessels are not occluded by the cover.	
1	2	. The device of claim 12, further comprising:
2	a	source of energy coupled to at least the lateral extension.
ı	2	The device of claim 21, wherein:
2	. t	e source of energy is RF energy.
1	2	3. The device of claim 21, wherein:
2	t	e cover does not conduct the energy when the lateral extension conducts
3 .	energy from the source of energy.	
1	. 2	The device of claim 12, wherein:
2	· t	e cover comprises a mesh.
1	2	The device of claim 12, further comprising:
2	а	delivery catheter having at least one lumen; and
3	а	first manipulator extending through the at least one lumen and releasably
4	coupled to the la	eral extension.
I	2	The device of claim 12, further comprising:
2	а	second manipulator releasably coupled to the cover.

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ı	A method of treating an aneurysm, comprising the steps of:	
2	providing a cover which is positioned around an expandable element in a	
3	collapsed position, the cover being covered by a sheath;	
4	advancing the cover to an aneurysm in a patient with the cover in the collapsed	
5	position;	
6	withdrawing the sheath to expose the cover;	
7	expanding the expandable member thereby expanding the cover, the cover	
8	expanding to an expanded condition, the cover being positioned over a neck of the aneurysm.	
1	28. The method of claim 27, wherein:	
2	the providing step is carried out with the cover being wrapped around the	
3	expandable element without creating folds when collapsed.	
1	29. The method of claim 27, wherein:	
2	the expanding step is carried out with the cover engaging a wall of the parental	
3	vessel around the neck of the aneurysm.	
1	30. The method of claim 27, wherein:	
2	the expanding step is carried out with the cover being attached to the wall.	
1	31. The method of claim 30, wherein:	
2	the providing step is carried out with an adhesive positioned on an outer	
3	surface of the cover and protected by the sheath during the advancing step.	
1	32. The method of claim 27, wherein:	
2	the expanding step is carried out with the cover extending no more than half	
3	the circumference of the vessel.	
1	33. The method of claim 27, wherein:	
2	the expanding step is carried out with the cover extending no more than one	
3	third the circumference of the vessel.	
1	34. The method of claim 27 wherein:	

-		the pr	oviding step is carried out with the cover having a metallic frame
3	structure and an impermeable portion mounted to the frame, the impermeable portion being		
4	positioned to cover the neck of the aneurysm after the inflating step.		
1	,	35.	The method of claims 27, wherein:
2			
3	distal end; and	the pro	oviding step is carried out with the sheath being folded over itself at a
4	·	4h	
7	,	me ex	posing step is carried out with the sheath being pulled back over itself.
1	3	36.	The method of claim 27, wherein:
2	t	the pro	oviding step is carried out with the sheath comprising PTFE.
1	3	37.	The method of claim 27, wherein:
2	t	the co	ver is mounted to a delivery catheter, the delivery catheter having a
3	single lumen; and		
4	t	the adv	vancing step is carried out with the device being advanced over a
5	guidewire extending through the single lumen.		
1	3	38.	A device for treating an aneurysm, comprising:
2	а	a cove	r for covering a neck of an aneurysm
3	а	a deliv	ery catheter having an expandable element and a sheath, the cover being
4	mounted around the expandable element, the sheath being retractable and overlying the cover		
5			over between the sheath and expandable element, the sheath being
6	movable to a position in which the cover is exposed to permit expansion of the expandable		
7	element and the		
1	3	39.	The device of claim 38, wherein:
2	ti	he del	ivery catheter has a longitudinal axis; and
3			ver is wrapped around the balloon in the collapsed position without
4	folds.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	4	10.	The device of claim 38, further comprising:
2	a	ın adh	esive on an outer surface of the cover.
1	4	<b>I</b> 1.	The method of claim 38, wherein:

_		uic (	to ver has a metanic frame and an impermeable portion mounted to the	
3	frame which	o covers	s the neck of the aneurysm.	
1		42.	The method of claims 38, wherein:	
2		the s	sheath is folded over itself at a distal end, the sheath being pulled back	
3	when exposi			
1		43.	The method of claim 38, wherein:	
2		the s	heath comprises PTFE.	
1		44.	The method of claim 38, wherein:	
2	•	the d	lelivery catheter has a single lumen which receives a guidewire:	
1		45.	A device for treating an aneurysm, comprising:	
2		a pro	oximal hub;	
3		a dis	tal hub; and	
4		a plurality of filaments extending between the proximal and distal hubs, the		
5	filaments biasing the proximal and distal hubs towards one another when moving from a			
6	collapsed position to an expanded position.			
1		46.	The device of claim 45, wherein:	
2		the p	lurality of filaments are 2-16 filaments.	
1		47.	The device of claim 45, wherein:	
2		the p	lurality of filaments form a generally concave surface which covers a	
3	neck of an aneurysm when positioned in the aneurysm.			
1		48.	The device of claim 45, wherein:	
2		the p	lurality of filaments form a generally convex surface opposite the concave	
3	surface.			
I		49.	The device of claim 45, further comprising:	
2		a cath	neter having a lumen; and	
3		a mai	nipulator extending through the lumen and contacting the proximal hub.	
1		50.	The device of claim 45, further comprising:	
2		a sou	rce of power coupled to the manipulator.	

1		51.	The device of claim 50, wherein:
2		the so	urce of power is an RF generator.
.1		52.	A device for filling an aneurysm, comprising:
2		a cath	eter having a lumen;
3			ality of filaments each having a proximal end and a distal end, the
4	plurality of fil		being coupled together at the proximal ends and each of the filaments
5			ad at the distal end, the plurality of filaments being in a collapsed
6			ioned in the lumen of the catheter, the plurality of filaments expanding
7			an aneurysm when advanced out of the lumen in the catheter.
1		53.	The device of claim 52, wherein:
2		the plu	rality of filaments are in a straightened configuration when collapsed
3	within the cath	neter.	
1		54.	The device of claim 52 miles
			The device of claim 52, wherein:
2		each o	f the plurality of filaments forms a coil in the expanded position.
1		55.	The device of claim 54, wherein:
2 .		the coi	ils formed by the plurality of filaments each have a central axis with the
3	central axes of the coils generally lying in a plane.		
1		56.	The device of claim 54, wherein:
2		the coi	ils formed by the plurality of filaments each have a central axis with the
3	central axis of the coils being angled relative to one another by about 90-120 degrees.		
1		57.	The device of claim 52, wherein:
2		the plu	rality of filaments are 2-4 filaments.
1		58.	A method of treating a cerebral aneurysm, comprising the steps of:
2		provid	ing an expandable structure movable from a collapsed shape to an
3	expanded shap		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
4		introdu	icing the expandable structure into a blood vessel of a patient;
5			cing the expandable structure through the patient's vasculature to a
6	cerebral aneurysm while the expandable structure is in the collapsed position:		

7		moving the expandable structure into the cerebral aneurysm;
8		expanding the expandable structure to the expanded position in the cerebral
9	aneurysm;	
10		shrinking the wall of the aneurysm; and
11		leaving the expandable structure in the aneurysm after the shrinking step.